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Development of Neutral Molecular Beam Injector for Two Dimensional Edge density measurement

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1.introductions

*edge plasma affects the overall energy and particle confinement in fusion test devices

*phenomena do not always appear symmetrically in toroidal and/or poloidal directions

We propose "Sheet-Shaped Thermal Lithium Beam Probe", by which density profile and density fluctuation can be observed at poloidal section (2D).



2. Purpose

Development of the efficient beam injecto to get the high intensity of emission by simulation of intensity of thermal lithium beam





nozzle

Li vapor

•Li particles generate at the under face of nozzle, fly with random angle No particle collision

 The particles which reach inner wall of nozzle hole can re-start with new random angle

•The particle which can not pass the slit is deemed as being lost

The particles which can pass the all slit can reach to plasma and form the sheet-shaped beam.

4. Effect of nozzle shape

The height of each nozzle is 20mm.

Beam generator

Only one slit is set, the size of the slit is 35mm × 6mm, the length (r) from nozzle to slit is 53mm.

ŝ.	Typel	Type2	Type3	Type4
Shipe of nozzle hole	0		annan annan	
	© 25mm	25mm * 5mm	⊕ 3eans = 1.1	©3000×11
Area of nozzle hole	490.9mm ¹	125mm ²	77.Beneri	77.8mm ²
Rate of passing nozzle	47.7%	31.8%4	14.9%	14.5%
Rate of passing slit	3.8%	8.6%	16.0%	13.6%
Max Intensity of beam	1.00	1.49	1.38	1.07
FWHM of sheet beam at minor axis	240.0	43.79	38.5	37.4
a : Power of number $n_{c}(r) = a r^{-a}$	2.08	2.02	1.92	2.03

*Rate of passing nozzle in the table parameter is a ratio of the number of particles that go out of an upper nozzle to the number of generated particles.

*Rate of passing slit is a ratio of the number of the particles that pass over the slit to the number of particles that passed the nozzle.

*Max intensity of beam is a relative value based on type1 of the beam intensity in the point r=468mm

* is an appearance of attenuation to distance r

Keywords: thermal lithium beam probe, LHD, sheet-shaped beam

