

§7. The Role of an Electric Field for H⁻ Extraction in a Hydrogen Negative Ion Source

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Neutral beam injection(NBI) systems have been used to heat the core plasmas in LHD, and future thermo-nuclear fusion devices. The transport mechanisms of hydrogen negative ions(H⁻) in an ion source plasma should be understood enough to be able to develop higher efficient ion sources in view point of H⁻ extraction. We study H⁻ transport with experimental and calculational approaches, especially, to make clear the relation between H⁻ extraction probability and plasma potential structure.

In the experiment, laser photodetachment with Langmuir probe(PD-LP) and photodetachment with Faraday cup(PD-FC) are used(Fig.1). They are utilized to measure H⁻ density and the amount of extracted H⁻ ions from ion source, respectively. These data are combined to estimate H⁻ extraction probability from an ion source. The spatial distribution of H⁻ extraction probability with this method is showed in Fig.2. It has about 4.5% as a maximum value at 0.3cm, and decreases with distance from the extraction hole.

Furthermore, we calculate H⁻ orbit with Monte Carlo procedure to analyze these experimental results. As a first step, a simple plasma potential geometry, which it has potential gradient only in Z direction and an electric field of X and Y direction is uniform, is assumed. The calculational result is showed in Fig.2. It is 1-2 order smaller than the experiment. It indicates that the other potential geometry should be applied at an extraction region. Therefore, we assume a potential structure that has a hill on the center of ion source axis; A beam extraction electric field affects the ion source plasma through the extraction hole. The geometry is showed in Fig.3. As the calculation results with the potential, H⁻ extraction probability drastically increase and improve in comparison to the experimental result.

An electric field in radial direction is arisen by the existence of the potential hill. It pulls H⁻ ions to the center of the ion source. It helps H⁻ transport toward the extraction hole, and makes increase the extraction probability. From

this result, it makes clear that a potential structure in front of an extraction hole is a key factor for H⁻ extraction from an ion source.

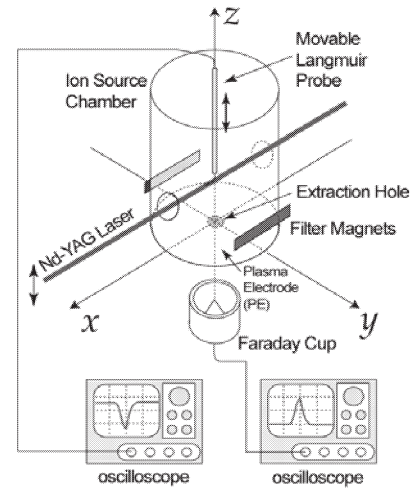


Fig. 1. Experimental setup

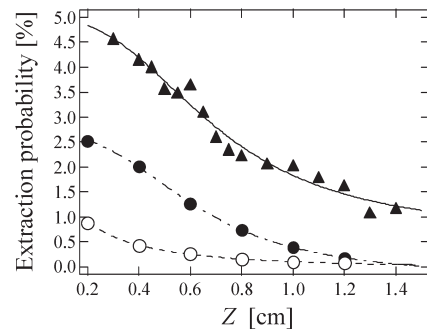


Fig. 2. Z dependence of H⁻ extraction probability from the ion source. ▲ is experiment, ● and ○ are calculation result with the affection of the extraction electric field, and without it, respectively.

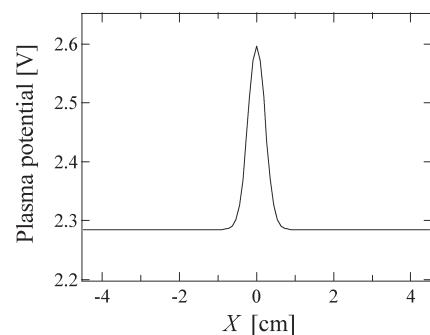


Fig. 3. Assumed potential structure for the calculation affected by an extraction electric field.

Reference

- 1) Y. Matsumoto, M. Nishiura, K. Matsuoka, M. Sasao, M. Wada, and H. Yamaoka, Thin Solid Films Vol.506-507, 522-526 (2006)